118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 4538

To establish a comprehensive, long-term United States strategy and policy for the Pacific Islands, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 11, 2023

Mr. Case (for himself, Mrs. Radewagen, Mr. Bera, Mr. Sherman, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Ms. Titus, Ms. Tokuda, Mr. Sablan, Mr. Krishnamoorthi, and Mr. Meeks) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Natural Resources, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To establish a comprehensive, long-term United States strategy and policy for the Pacific Islands, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Boosting Long-term U.S. Engagement in the Pacific
- 6 Act" or the "BLUE Pacific Act".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Authority to consolidate reports; form of reports.

TITLE I—POLITICAL LEADERSHIP AND REGIONALISM

- Sec. 101. Findings.
- Sec. 102. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 103. Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership.
- Sec. 104. Staffing.
- Sec. 105. Assistance with international organizations.
- Sec. 106. Allies and partners in the Pacific Islands region.

TITLE II—PEOPLE-CENTERED DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 201. Assistance to improve public health outcomes and build public health capacity.
- Sec. 202. Assistance to promote freedom of the press.
- Sec. 203. Program to promote educational and professional development for young adult leaders and professionals.
- Sec. 204. Education assistance.
- Sec. 205. Investment agreements.

TITLE III—PEACE AND SECURITY

- Sec. 301. Building the capacity of local civilian and national security institutions.
- Sec. 302. Reporting.

TITLE IV—RESOURCE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 401. Trade development with the Pacific Islands.
- Sec. 402. Trade capacity building initiative for the Pacific Islands.
- Sec. 403. United States Commercial Service.

TITLE V—CLIMATE CHANGE AND DISASTERS

- Sec. 501. Assistance to enhance preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies.
- Sec. 502. Climate resilient infrastructure.

TITLE VI—OCEAN AND ENVIRONMENT

- Sec. 601. Oceans management.
- Sec. 602. Sea level rise.
- Sec. 603. Illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing.

TITLE VII—TECHNOLOGY AND CONNECTIVITY

- Sec. 701. Digital access and inclusion.
- Sec. 702. Cybersecurity.

TITLE VIII—REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC ISLANDS PARTNERSHIP AND AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 801. Report on the Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership.

Sec. 802. Authorization of appropriations.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

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2	In this Act:
3	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
4	TEES.—Except as otherwise provided, the term "ap-
5	propriate congressional committees" means—
6	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
7	the Committee on Appropriations of the House
8	of Representatives; and
9	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
10	and the Committee on Appropriations of the
11	Senate.
12	(2) Pacific Islands.—The terms "Pacific Is-
13	lands' means the Cook Islands, the Republic of Fiji,
14	the Republic of Kiribati, the Republic of the Mar-
15	shall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia,
16	the Republic of Nauru, Niue, the Republic of Palau,
17	the Independent State of Papua New Guinea, the
18	Independent State of Samoa, the Solomon Islands,
19	the Kingdom of Tonga, Tuvalu, and the Republic of
20	Vanuatu.
21	SEC. 3. AUTHORITY TO CONSOLIDATE REPORTS; FORM OF
22	REPORTS.
23	(a) Authority To Consolidate Reports.—Any
24	reports required to be submitted to the appropriate con-

1	gressional committees under this Act that are subject to
2	deadlines for submission consisting of the same units of
3	time may be consolidated into a single report that is sub-
4	mitted to appropriate congressional committees pursuant
5	to such deadlines and that contains all information re-
6	quired under such reports.
7	(b) FORM OF REPORTS.—Each report required to be
8	submitted to the appropriate congressional committees
9	under this Act and any consolidated report described in
10	subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but
11	may contain a classified annex.
12	TITLE I—POLITICAL
13	LEADERSHIP AND REGIONALISM
14	SEC. 101. FINDINGS.
15	Congress finds the following:
16	(1) The Pacific Islands—
17	(A) are home to roughly 10,000,000 resi-
18	dents;
19	(B) are spread across an expanse of the
20	Pacific Ocean equivalent to 15 percent of the
21	Earth's surface, including the three subregions
22	of Melanesia, Micronesia, and Polynesia; and
23	(C) face shared challenges in development
24	that have distinct local contexts, including cli-
	that have another room contents, mentang on

1	distances from major markets, and vulnerability
2	to external shocks such as natural disasters in
3	both slow and sudden onset situations.
4	(2) The United States is a Pacific country with
5	longstanding ties and shared values and interests
6	with the Pacific Islands, including through the Com-
7	pacts of Free Association with the Freely Associated
8	States, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the
9	Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of
10	Palau.
11	(3) The United States has vital national secu-
12	rity interests in the Pacific Islands, including—
13	(A) protecting regional peace and security
14	that fully respects the sovereignty of all nations
15	(B) advancing economic prosperity free
16	from coercion and unfair practices through
17	trade and sustainable development; and
18	(C) supporting democracy, good govern-
19	ance, the rule of law, and human rights and
20	fundamental freedoms.
21	(4) Successive United States administrations
22	have recognized the importance of the Pacific region
23	including the Pacific Islands, in high-level strategic
24	documents, including the following:

- (A) The 2015 National Security Strategy,
 which first declared the rebalance to Asia and
 the Pacific, affirmed the United States as a Pacific nation, and paved the way for subsequent
 United States engagement with the Pacific Islands, including several new policies focused on
 conservation and resilience to climate change
 announced in September 2016.
 - (B) The 2017 National Security Strategy, which includes a commitment to "shore up fragile partner states in the Pacific Islands region to reduce their vulnerability to economic fluctuations and natural disasters".
 - (C) The 2019 Indo-Pacific Strategy Report, which identified the Pacific Islands as "critical to U.S. strategy because of our shared values, interests, and commitments" and committed the United States to "building capacity and resilience to address maritime security; Illegal, Unreported, and Unregulated fishing; drug trafficking; and resilience to address climate change and disaster response".
 - (D) The 2022 Indo-Pacific Strategy Report, which recognized the need to engage fur-

1	ther with the Pacific Islands on shared security
2	goals.
3	(E) The 2022 Strategy for Pacific Island
4	Partnership, which outlined goals and methods
5	for deepening the United States partnerships
6	with Pacific Island nations.
7	(5) The United States has deepened its diplo-
8	matic engagement with the Pacific Islands through
9	several recent initiatives, including—
10	(A) the Pacific Pledge, which provided an
11	additional \$100,000,000 in 2019 and
12	\$200,000,000 in 2020, on top of the approxi-
13	mately \$350,000,000 that the United States
14	provides annually to the region to support
15	shared priorities in economic and human devel-
16	opment, climate change, and more;
17	(B) the Small and Less Populous Island
18	Economies (SALPIE) Initiative launched in
19	March 2021 to strengthen United States col-
20	laboration with island countries and territories,
21	including in the Pacific Islands, on COVID-19
22	economic challenges, long-term economic devel-
23	opment, climate change, and other shared inter-

ests;

- 1 (C) the declaration on U.S.-Pacific Part-2 nership of 2022 in which the United States and 3 the Pacific Islands resolved to strengthen their 4 partnership, bolstering Pacific regionalism; and
 - (D) the Partners in the Blue Pacific Initiative, a new initiative, to increase diplomatic engagement and coordination in the region.
 - (6) The Boe Declaration on Regional Security, adopted by leaders of the Pacific Islands Forum in 2018, affirmed that climate change "remains the single greatest threat to the livelihoods, security, and wellbeing of the peoples of the Pacific" and asserted "the sovereign right of every Member to conduct its national affairs free of external interference and coercion".
 - (7) The Asian Development Bank has estimated that the Pacific Islands region needs upwards of \$2,800,000,000 a year in investment needs through 2030, in addition to \$300,000,000 a year for climate mitigation and adaptation over the same period.
 - (8) Since 1966, thousands of Peace Corps volunteers have proudly served in the Pacific Islands, building strong people-to-people relationships and partnerships demonstrating the United States commitment to peace and sustainable development in the

1 region, including supporting education, health, and 2 economic development initiatives. Prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Peace Corps maintained 3 its presence in four countries of the Pacific Islands 5 and has since announced plans to return to and ex-6 pand programs in Fiji, Tonga, Samoa, and Vanuatu. 7 Peace Corps volunteers continue to be in high demand in the Pacific Islands and have been requested 8 9 across the region.

10 SEC. 102. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

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- It is the policy of the United States—
- (1) to develop and commit to a comprehensive, multifaceted, and principled United States policy in the Pacific Islands that—
 - (A) promotes peace, security, and prosperity for all countries through a rules-based regional order that respects the sovereignty, self-determination, and political independence of all nations;
 - (B) preserves the Pacific Ocean as an open and vibrant corridor for international maritime trade and promotes trade and sustainable development that supports inclusive economic growth and autonomy for all nations and addresses socioeconomic and environmental challenges re-

1	lated to public health, education, renewable en-
2	ergy, digital connectivity, and more;
3	(C) supports regional efforts to address the
4	challenges posed by climate change, including
5	by strengthening resilience to natural disasters
6	and through responsible stewardship of natural
7	resources and the need for collective action to
8	mitigate its impacts and build resilience;
9	(D) improves civil society, strengthens
10	democratic governance and the rule of law, and
11	promotes human rights and the preservation of
12	the region's unique cultural heritages; and
13	(E) supports existing regional architecture
14	and the international rules based order and
15	principles of international law;
16	(2) to support the vision, values, and objectives
17	of existing regional multilateral institutions and
18	frameworks, such as the Pacific Islands Forum and
19	the Pacific Community, including—
20	(A) the 2000 Biketawa Declaration;
21	(B) the 2014 Framework for Pacific Re-
22	gionalism;
23	(C) the 2018 Boe Declaration on Regional
24	Security;
25	(D) the Boe Declaration Action Plan; and

1	(E) the 2050 Strategy for the Blue Pacific
2	Continent;
3	(3) to extend and amend the provisions of the
4	Compacts of Free Association, subsidiary agree-
5	ments, and related United States law that will expire
6	in 2023 for the Republic of the Marshall Islands and
7	the Federated States of Micronesia and in 2024 for
8	the Republic of Palau unless they are extended; and
9	(4) to work closely with United States allies
10	and partners with existing relationships and inter-
11	ests in the Pacific Islands, including Australia,
12	Japan, New Zealand, and Taiwan, in advancing
13	common goals.
14	SEC. 103. STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC ISLANDS PARTNERSHIP.
15	(a) In General.—Not later than January 1, 2027,
16	and every 4 years thereafter, the President shall develop
17	and submit to the appropriate congressional committees
18	a strategy to be known as the "Strategy for Pacific Islands
19	Partnership" (in this section referred to as the "Strat-
20	egy").
21	(b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The Strategy shall
22	include the following:
23	(1) A description of overarching goals for the
24	United States-Pacific Island Partnership.

1	(2) A description of measurable objectives for
2	United States engagement in the Pacific Islands.
3	(3) An assessment of threats to the Pacific Is-
4	lands region.
5	(4) A plan to address the security of the Pacific
6	Islands region.
7	(5) A strategy to invest in and improve critical
8	infrastructure.
9	(6) A regional Development Cooperation Strat-
10	egy formulated by the United States Agency for
11	International Development.
12	(c) Consultation.—In developing the Strategy, the
13	President should consult, as appropriate, with—
14	(1) regional organizations, such as the Pacific
15	Islands Forum, the Pacific Islands Development
16	Program, the Pacific Community and Secretariat for
17	the Pacific Regional Environment Programme;
18	(2) the countries of the Pacific Islands;
19	(3) stakeholders such as civil society, faith-
20	based organizations, and non-state actors;
21	(4) United States allies and partners; and
22	(5) United States Pacific territories and States.
23	(d) Coordination.—In implementing the Strategy,
24	the President shall coordinate with the heads of other Fed-
25	eral agencies, including the Secretary of State, the Sec-

- 1 retary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Commerce,
- 2 the Administrator of United States Agency for Inter-
- 3 national Development, the Secretary of Defense, and the
- 4 United States Trade Representative.

5 SEC. 104. STAFFING.

- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, the Ad-
- 7 ministrator of the United States Agency for International
- 8 Development, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Chief
- 9 Executive Officer of the United States International De-
- 10 velopment Finance Corporation should increase the num-
- 11 ber of staff working on Pacific Islands issues and in the
- 12 Pacific Islands to carry out this Act.
- 13 (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 14 of the enactment of this Act, the Federal officials de-
- 15 scribed in subsection (a) shall submit to the appropriate
- 16 congressional committees a report—
- 17 (1) detailing the number of full-time equivalent
- positions and contractors working on Pacific Islands
- issues, including in the Pacific Islands, to carry out
- this Act;
- 21 (2) describing any planned changes to staffing
- levels to carry out this Act and if no changes are
- planned providing a plan to carry out this Act under
- current staffing levels; and

1	(3) if necessary, identifying additional funding
2	needed to support staffing levels to carry out this
3	Act.
4	(c) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary of State and
5	the Secretary of Commerce are authorized to hire locally-
6	employed staff in the Pacific Islands to promote increased
7	diplomatic engagement and economic and commercial en-
8	gagement between the United States and the Pacific Is-
9	lands.
10	SEC. 105. ASSISTANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZA
11	TIONS.
12	(a) In General.—The Secretary of State, in coordi-
13	nation with the Administrator of the United States Agen-
14	cy for International Development, the Secretary of the
15	Treasury, and the Chief Executive Officer of the United
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16	States International Development Finance Corporation, as
17	States International Development Finance Corporation, as appropriate, shall provide support and technical assistance
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17	appropriate, shall provide support and technical assistance
17 18	appropriate, shall provide support and technical assistance to Pacific Islands countries to assist such countries to ac-
17 18 19	appropriate, shall provide support and technical assistance to Pacific Islands countries to assist such countries to access existing development support and funding from inter-
17 18 19 20	appropriate, shall provide support and technical assistance to Pacific Islands countries to assist such countries to access existing development support and funding from international organizations, such as the United Nations and
17 18 19 20 21	appropriate, shall provide support and technical assistance to Pacific Islands countries to assist such countries to access existing development support and funding from international organizations, such as the United Nations and multilateral financial institutions. Such support and technical

- other opportunities offered by international organizations for sustainable development;
- 3 (2) support receiving necessary certifications 4 and complying with technical requirements to par-5 ticipate in international financial mechanisms from 6 which Pacific Islands countries may benefit; and
- 7 (3) support complying with reporting and over-8 sight requirements for programs conducted by inter-9 national organizations.
- 10 (b) International Financial Institutions.—
- 11 The Secretary of the Treasury should direct the represent-
- 12 atives of the United States to the World Bank Group, the
- 13 International Monetary Fund, and the Asian Development
- 14 Bank to use the voice and vote of the United States to
- 15 support climate resilient infrastructure projects and to
- 16 build resilience to the impacts of climate change in the
- 17 Pacific Islands.
- 18 SEC. 106. ALLIES AND PARTNERS IN THE PACIFIC ISLANDS
- 19 **REGION.**
- 20 (a) In General.—The President, in consultation
- 21 with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Homeland
- 22 Security, the Secretary of Commerce, the Administrator
- 23 of United States Agency for International Development,
- 24 the Secretary of Defense, the United States Trade Rep-
- 25 resentative, and any other relevant official, should consult

- 1 and coordinate with allies and partners in the Pacific Is-
- 2 lands region, including Australia, Japan, New Zealand,
- 3 Taiwan, and regional institutions such as the Pacific Is-
- 4 lands Forum, the Pacific Islands Development Program,
- 5 the Pacific Community and Secretariat for the Pacific Re-
- 6 gional Environment Programme, with respect to programs
- 7 to provide assistance to the Pacific Islands, including pro-
- 8 grams established by this Act, including for purposes of—
- 9 (1) deconflicting programming;
- 10 (2) ensuring that any programming does not
- adversely affect the absorptive capacity of the Pa-
- cific Islands;
- 13 (3) ensuring complementary programs benefit
- the Pacific Islands to the maximum extent prac-
- ticable; and
- 16 (4) ensuring that programming aligns with re-
- gional development goals, as outlined by documents
- such as the 2050 Strategy for the Blue Pacific Con-
- tinent in order to support sustainable development
- and promote a shared vision for the future of the
- 21 Pacific Islands.
- 22 (b) Formal Consultative Process.—The Presi-
- 23 dent should establish a formal consultative process with
- 24 such regional allies and partners to coordinate with re-
- 25 spect to such programs and future-years programming.

TITLE II—PEOPLE-CENTERED 1 DEVELOPMENT 2 SEC. 201. ASSISTANCE TO IMPROVE PUBLIC HEALTH OUT-4 COMES AND BUILD PUBLIC HEALTH CAPAC-5 ITY. 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, is authorized to assist the Pacific Islands to improve public health 7 8 outcomes and build public health capacity, including in re-9 sponse to the COVID-19 pandemic. 10 (b) ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED.—Activities authorized 11 to be carried out under subsection (a) may include— 12 (1) programming, including grants, cooperative 13 agreements, and other forms of assistance, as appro-14 priate, to assist in building local capacity to ensure 15 that Pacific Islanders have access to the essential 16 health services they need to thrive and to address— 17 (A) maternal and child health; family planning and reproductive 18 (B)19 health; 20 (C) gender-based violence; 21 (D) food security and nutrition; 22 (E) noncommunicable diseases; 23 (F) communicable diseases, including ne-24 tropical diseases, tuberculosis, HIV/ glected

sexually-transmitted

infections,

and

AIDS,

- zoonotic and emerging infectious disease
 threats;
 - (G) equitable access to quality, essential, and affordable health services and quality-assured, safe, effective medical products and their appropriate use; and
 - (H) water, sanitation, and hygiene;
 - (2) technical assistance to strengthen local health system capacity and resilience in the areas of good leadership and governance, sustainable financing, interoperable information systems and high quality data for decision making, efficient medical products and supply chain systems, and management of human resources for health, with special attention to increasing health worker performance, retention, productivity, number, skill mix, and competency, including through exploring opportunities such as private sector engagement and digital health integration and access;
 - (3) coordination with existing local and regional health sector goals, efforts, institutions, and frameworks; and
 - (4) investment in and improvement of critical infrastructure, including hospitals, health clinics and pharmacies in the Pacific Islands.

1	(c) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
2	of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall sub-
3	mit to the appropriate congressional committees a report
4	on the implementation of this section.
5	SEC. 202. ASSISTANCE TO PROMOTE FREEDOM OF THE
6	PRESS.
7	The Secretary of State is authorized to provide assist-
8	ance to promote the dissemination of free and accurate
9	information in the Pacific Islands, including for the fol-
10	lowing purposes:
11	(1) Media capacity building and education, in-
12	cluding to—
13	(A) provide on-site media training tailored
14	to local needs;
15	(B) collaborate with local government and
16	nongovernmental entities to promote media lit-
17	eracy and integrate media literacy into primary
18	education curricula in local languages and dia-
19	lects to ensure accessibility; and
20	(C) routinize funding for professional pro-
21	grams, such as the Pacific Islands Journalism
22	Reporting Tour, that bring media professionals
23	from the Pacific Islands to the United States

1	(2) Strengthening and diversifying broadcast
2	content tailored to local audiences, including content
3	broadcast in the local vernacular.
4	(3) Investing in connectivity infrastructure with
5	an emphasis on broadcast radio and transmission.
6	SEC. 203. PROGRAM TO PROMOTE EDUCATIONAL AND PRO-
7	FESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FOR YOUNG
8	ADULT LEADERS AND PROFESSIONALS.
9	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
10	gress that routinized people-to-people exchange programs
11	to bring Pacific Islands religious leaders, journalists, civil
12	society members, politicians, and others to the United
13	States, as well as supporting similar exchange participants
14	from the United States to the Pacific Islands, strengthens
15	existing relationships and advances United States inter-
16	ests and shared values in the region.
17	(b) In General.—The Secretary of State may de-
18	velop and implement a program to promote educational
19	and professional development for young adult leaders and
20	professionals in the Pacific Islands with a demonstrated
21	passion to contribute to the continued development of the
22	Pacific Islands.
23	(c) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—The program developed
24	under this section may be carried out through—

1	(1) grants provided on a competitive basis to
2	qualified organizations with demonstrated expertise
3	relating to the Pacific Islands;
4	(2) grants in amounts not to exceed \$50,000
5	provided on a competitive basis to qualified young
6	leaders from the Pacific Islands for the purpose of
7	carrying out projects dedicated to the improvement
8	of their communities in the Pacific Islands;
9	(3) regional workshops and professional, voca-
10	tional, and academic fellowships; and
11	(4) people-to-people exchanges.
12	(d) Briefing.—
13	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
14	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
15	retary of State, acting through the Assistant Sec-
16	retary of State for Educational and Cultural Affairs,
17	should brief the appropriate congressional commit-
18	tees on exchange programs for the Pacific Islands
19	region.
20	(2) Elements.—The briefing required by
21	paragraph (1) shall include—
22	(A) an assessment of factors constraining
23	the number and frequency of International Vis-
24	itor Leadership Program participants from
25	countries of the Pacific Islands;

1	(B) an identification of resources that are
2	necessary to address the factors described in
3	subparagraph (A); and
4	(C) a strategy for connecting alumni and
5	participants of the Department of State's pro-
6	fessional development exchange programs in
7	East Asia, such as the Young Southeast Asian
8	Leaders Initiative and the Young Pacific Lead-
9	ers programs, to enhance interregion and
10	intraregion people-to-people ties.
11	SEC. 204. EDUCATION ASSISTANCE.
12	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
13	gress that—
14	(1) promoting basic education in the Pacific Is-
15	lands, particularly in traditionally underserved com-
16	munities, advances United States foreign policy
17	goals and requires a whole of government approach,
18	and the United States Government currently dedi-
19	cates insufficient resources and attention to assisting
20	with education needs in the region;
21	(2) the Peace Corps alone is insufficient to
22	achieve United States objectives of promoting sus-
23	tainable, quality basic education; and
24	(3) countries of the Pacific Islands meet the re-
25	quirements outlined in subsection $(c)(4)$ of section

1	105 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22)
2	U.S.C. 2151c).
3	(b) Education Assistance.—The President is au-
4	thorized to provide assistance under section 105 of the
5	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151c) to pro-
6	mote sustainable, quality basic education in the Pacific Is-
7	lands, including for the following purposes:
8	(1) Supporting national nutrition and health
9	programs.
10	(2) Working with partner governments to re-
11	form policies, improve curricula, strengthen data
12	systems, train teachers, and provide quality learning
13	materials.
14	(3) Building new schools and renovating older
15	facilities to ensure safe places for learning.
16	(4) Providing individuals, particularly at-risk
17	youth, with relevant education, training, and skills
18	for meaningful employment.
19	(5) Removing barriers to entering formal edu-
20	cation for out-of-school individuals, assisting in
21	keeping them in school, and providing an oppor-
22	tunity to catch up on schooling for those left behind.
23	(6) Promoting teaching and research exchanges

between the Pacific Islands and United States insti-

1	tutions of higher education, including community
2	colleges.
3	SEC. 205. INVESTMENT AGREEMENTS.
4	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
5	gress that—
6	(1) the United States International Develop-
7	ment Finance Corporation has a dual mandate to
8	advance United States foreign policy and make high-
9	ly developmental investment around the world with
10	a focus on communities most in need;
11	(2) the United States International Develop-
12	ment Finance Corporation must enter into an in-
13	vestment incentive agreement with a jurisdiction's
14	government in order to pursue development projects
15	in that jurisdiction;
16	(3) the market-based private sector development
17	and inclusive economic growth of the Solomon Is-
18	lands and the Republic of Vanuatu are in the United
19	States foreign policy interest;
20	(4) the United States International Develop-
21	ment Finance Corporation has not entered into in-
22	vestment incentive agreements with the government
23	of the Solomon Islands or with the government of

the Republic of Vanuatu; and

- 1 (5) the inability of the United States Inter-
- 2 national Development Finance Corporation to sup-
- 3 port investments in the Solomon Islands and the Re-
- 4 public of Vanuatu undermines United States policy
- 5 to provide countries a robust alternative to state-di-
- 6 rect investments by authoritarian governments and
- 7 United States strategic competitors.
- 8 (b) Investment Agreements.—The Chief Execu-
- 9 tive Officer of the United States International Develop-
- 10 ment Finance Corporation, in coordination with the Sec-
- 11 retary of State, shall seek to enter into investment incen-
- 12 tive agreements with the governments of those Pacific Is-
- 13 lands in which the United States International Develop-
- 14 ment Finance Corporation is otherwise authorized to oper-
- $15\,$ ate under the BUILD Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9601 et
- 16 seq.).
- 17 (c) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary of
- 18 State, in coordination with the Administrator of the
- 19 United States Agency for International Development, the
- 20 Secretary of the Treasury, and the Chief Executive Officer
- 21 of the United States International Development Finance
- 22 Corporation, as appropriate, is authorized to provide tech-
- 23 nical assistance to assist the Pacific Islands in negotiating
- 24 and executing investment incentive agreements with the

1	United States International Development Finance Cor-
2	poration.
3	TITLE III—PEACE AND
4	SECURITY
5	SEC. 301. BUILDING THE CAPACITY OF LOCAL CIVILIAN
6	AND NATIONAL SECURITY INSTITUTIONS.
7	(a) In General.—The Secretary of State, in coordi-
8	nation with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary
9	of Homeland Security, as appropriate, is authorized to
10	provide assistance to build the capacity of local civilian
11	and national security institutions of the Pacific Islands for
12	purposes of—
13	(1) enhancing maritime security and maritime
14	domain awareness to address challenges such as ille-
15	gal, unreported, and unregulated fishing;
16	(2) assisting local law enforcement in detecting,
17	preventing, and combating trafficking in persons and
18	drug trafficking and other forms of transnational
19	crime;
20	(3) providing essential services to civilian popu-
21	lations and responding to humanitarian challenges
22	caused by natural disasters;
23	(4) participating in efforts by regional institu-
24	tions and frameworks to coordinate and facilitate co-
25	operation on shared security challenges;

1	(5) expanding information sharing and working
2	toward operational coordination and interoperability
3	among Pacific Island maritime security forces, in-
4	cluding through regional fusion centers; and
5	(6) providing assistance in legal actions, includ-
6	ing hiring legal counsel or providing legal support
7	as appropriate, to support Pacific Islands in defend-
8	ing their rights and interests related to maritime se-
9	curity, combating transnational crime, responding to
10	natural disasters, and participating in regional secu-
11	rity efforts.
12	(b) Related Programs and Authorities.—The
13	assistance and capacity building authorized by this sub-
14	section should build on the following:
15	(1) The International Military Education and
16	Training program.
17	(2) The Foreign Military Financing program.
18	(3) The Overseas Humanitarian Disaster and
19	Civic Aid program.
20	(4) The authority to build the capacity of for-
21	eign security forces under section 333 of title 10
22	United States Code.
23	(5) The authority to provide excess defense ar-
24	ticles under section 516 of the Foreign Assistance

Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321j).

1	(6) The National Guard State Partnership Pro-
2	gram.
3	(7) The International Narcotics Control and
4	Law Enforcement Program.
5	(c) National Police Forces and Coast
6	GUARDS.—The national police forces and coast guards of
7	countries of the Pacific Islands are eligible to receive as-
8	sistance under the programs and authorities described in
9	subsection (b) (other than the programs and authorities
10	described in paragraphs (1), (4), (6), and (7) of subsection
11	(b)).
12	SEC. 302. REPORTING.
13	(a) Updates of Certain Reports.—The Secretary
14	of State, in coordination with the heads of other Federal
15	agencies as appropriate, shall identify and update the re-
16	ports described in subsection (b) to include in such reports
17	a discussion of forms of transnational crime affecting the
18	Pacific Islands.
19	(b) REPORTS DESCRIBED.—The reports described in
20	this subsection are the following:
21	(1) The International Narcotics Control Strat-
22	egy report.
23	(2) The Improving International Fisheries Man-
24	agement report.
25	(3) The Trafficking in Persons report.

1 TITLE IV—RESOURCE AND 2 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- 3 SEC. 401. TRADE DEVELOPMENT WITH THE PACIFIC IS-
- 4 LANDS.
- 5 (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 6 gress that the United States should expand bilateral and
- 7 multilateral trade with the Pacific Islands to promote so-
- 8 cioeconomic development and mutual prosperity.
- 9 (b) Trade Development.—The United States
- 10 Trade Representative is authorized to expand and diver-
- 11 sify trade and promote regional development with the Pa-
- 12 cific Islands, including through negotiating trade and in-
- 13 vestment framework agreements.
- 14 SEC. 402. TRADE CAPACITY BUILDING INITIATIVE FOR THE
- 15 PACIFIC ISLANDS.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the United
- 17 States Agency for International Development, in coordina-
- 18 tion with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the
- 19 Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Chief Exec-
- 20 utive Officer of the United States International Develop-
- 21 ment Finance Corporation, and the Director of the United
- 22 States Trade and Development Agency are authorized to
- 23 implement programming to build trade capacity in the Pa-
- 24 cific Islands.

1	(b) Activities.—The activities authorized under this
2	section include—
3	(1) development of human and institutional ca-
4	pacity and infrastructure across multiple sectors of
5	economies, including digital connectivity and cyber-
6	security;
7	(2) assistance with development and implemen-
8	tation of regional and international trade agree-
9	ments, including the World Trade Organization's
10	Agreement on Trade Facilitation and facilitation of
11	intraregional trade flows;
12	(3) support for women-owned enterprises and
13	gender equality; and
14	(4) promotion of government policies that en-
15	courage free and fair competition, sound governance,
16	environmental protection, and business environments
17	conducive to sustainable and inclusive economic
18	growth.
19	SEC. 403. UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL SERVICE.
20	The Secretary of Commerce shall expand the pres-
21	ence of the United States Commercial Service in the Pa-
22	cific Islands and allocate additional Foreign Commercial
23	Service Officers to the Pacific Islands, including by ele-
24	vating existing partner posts and establishing new Com-

25 mercial Service posts and partner posts, to—

1	(1) explore opportunities for United States pri-
2	vate sector investment;
3	(2) examine regulations in host countries in the
4	Pacific Islands that may hinder foreign direct invest-
5	ment, including those related to human rights, labor
6	rights, and environmental protection, and provide
7	technical assistance when requested by such host
8	countries; and
9	(3) report on the commercial and investment
10	activities of non-allied foreign actors in the Pacific
11	Islands.
12	TITLE V—CLIMATE CHANGE AND
13	DISASTERS
14	SEC. 501. ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE PREPAREDNESS FOR
15	AND RESILIENCE TO NATURAL DISASTERS
16	AND OTHER EMERGENCIES.
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	The Secretary of State is authorized to assist the Pa-
18	The Secretary of State is authorized to assist the Pacific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to
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	cific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to
19	cific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies. Such assistance
19 20	cific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies. Such assistance includes—
19 20 21	cific Islands to enhance preparedness for and resilience to natural disasters and other emergencies. Such assistance includes— (1) education and training programs on natural

- nizations and institutions of higher education in the
 United States;
 - (2) technical assistance, including through grants and cooperative agreements for qualified United States and local nongovernmental organizations, to enhance early warning systems, emergency management and preparedness procedures, and post-disaster relief and recovery;
 - (3) coordination of existing disaster mitigation and response plans in the region, including by United States allies and partners in the region;
 - (4) infrastructure development and upgrades to improve disaster preparedness and response, such as the construction of evacuation centers, flood control measures, and communication networks;
 - (5) support for local community-based disaster risk reduction programs, including the development of evacuation plans, training in first aid and emergency response, and provision of emergency supplies;
 - (6) technical assistance and training to enhance the capacity of local emergency response agencies, including search and rescue teams, fire departments, and medical personnel;

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- 1 (7) provision of critical humanitarian assist-2 ance, such as food, water, shelter, and medical care, 3 in the aftermath of disasters; and
- 4 (8) support for programs aimed at reducing the 5 long-term impacts of disasters, such as disaster risk 6 insurance, small business recovery programs, and 7 environmental restoration initiatives.

8 SEC. 502. CLIMATE RESILIENT INFRASTRUCTURE.

- 9 The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-
- 10 ministrator of the United States Agency for International
- 11 Development, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Chief
- 12 Executive Officer of the United States International De-
- 13 velopment Finance Corporation, as appropriate, is author-
- 14 ized to—

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15 (1) invest in and improve critical infrastructure, 16 including transport connectivity, hospitals, health 17 clinics, pharmacies, information and communications 18 technology, food security, coastal zone management, 19 marine and water resource management, and energy 20 security and access to electricity in the Pacific Is-21 lands, with an emphasis on climate resiliency and

sustainable development;

(2) provide technical assistance to assist local government and civil society leaders assess risks to local infrastructure, especially those posed by climate

- change, consider and implement risk mitigation efforts and policies to strengthen resilience, and evaluate proposed projects and solutions for their efficacy and sustainability;
 - (3) support investment and improvement in ecosystem conservation and protection for the long-term sustainable use of ecosystem services, especially those that mitigate effects of climate change and those that support food security and livelihoods;
 - (4) invest in and improve critical telecommunications infrastructure and cybersecurity;
 - (5) foster public-private partnerships and cooperation among stakeholders to mobilize private sector investment and innovation for sustainable infrastructure development and climate resiliency in the Pacific Islands;
 - (6) provide technical assistance and capacity building to local governments and communities to integrate climate resilience into their infrastructure planning and development strategies;
 - (7) develop and implement programs that promote the use of renewable energy and energy efficiency technologies in the Pacific Islands, including through investment in clean energy infrastructure

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1	and technical assistance to local utilities and energy
2	regulators;
3	(8) work with regional organizations and gov-
4	ernments to promote the sustainable management of
5	marine resources, including through the development
6	of marine protected areas and ecosystem-based man-
7	agement approaches;
8	(9) foster partnerships between Pacific Island
9	governments and research institutions to build sci-
10	entific capacity and support research on climate
11	change impacts and adaptation strategies in the re-
12	gion; and
13	(10) promote the use of innovative financing
14	mechanisms, such as green bonds and climate risk
15	insurance, to help Pacific Island countries access af-
16	fordable financing for climate-resilient infrastructure
17	development.
18	TITLE VI—OCEAN AND
19	ENVIRONMENT
20	SEC. 601. OCEANS MANAGEMENT.
21	The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-
22	ministrator of the United States Agency for International
23	Development and the Secretary of Commerce, is author-

24 ized to—

- 1 (1) support programming that promotes fish-2 eries sustainability and marine biodiversity conserva-3 tion in the Pacific Islands;
 - (2) support the development, adoption, and implementation of regional sustainable fisheries policies, standards, and regulatory frameworks;
 - (3) partner with regional private sector interests in the adoption and implementation of seafood industry fair-labor standards and sustainable fishing practices;
 - (4) provide technical assistance to assist local government and civil society leaders to improve environmental and ocean management; and
 - (5) provide technical assistance and capacity building to improve data collection and management, including through the use of innovative technologies, to support sustainable fisheries management and biodiversity conservation in the region;
 - (6) support the development and implementation of integrated ocean management and marine spatial planning frameworks that incorporate local knowledge and community input, promote ecosystem-based management approaches, and address transboundary marine conservation challenges;

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- 1 (7) support research and monitoring programs 2 to better understand the impacts of climate change 3 on oceans and fisheries in the Pacific Islands and to 4 inform evidence-based management approaches;
 - (8) support regional efforts to combat illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing and promote sustainable fisheries practices, including through the development of traceability systems and improved monitoring and enforcement capacity;
 - (9) encourage private sector investment in sustainable fisheries and marine conservation efforts in the Pacific Islands, including through partnerships with local communities and businesses; and
 - (10) promote public awareness and engagement on issues related to sustainable fisheries and ocean management in the Pacific Islands, including through education and outreach programs.

18 SEC. 602. SEA LEVEL RISE.

- 19 The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-
- 20 ministrator of the United States Agency for International
- 21 Development and the Secretary of Commerce, is author-
- 22 ized to provide support and technical assistance to Pacific
- 23 Islands to address the impacts of sea level rise with the
- 24 aim of—

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1	(1) protecting and mitigating the impacts of sea
2	level rise on coastal communities and their econo-
3	mies;

- (2) protecting and increasing the resilience of critical coastal infrastructure;
- (3) preserving Pacific Islands maritime boundaries and their entitlements;
 - (4) preserving Pacific Islands' statehoods;
- (5) providing support to Pacific Islands to develop and implement effective and just migration policies that address the impacts of sea level rise on communities and provide options for those who wish to migrate;
- (6) collaborating with international organizations and Pacific Island to provide humanitarian assistance to those affected by sea level rise, including through access to food, water, and shelter; and
- (7) supporting efforts to build resilience and sustainable livelihoods in affected communities, including through the development of alternative economic opportunities and sustainable agriculture practices.

1	SEC. 603. ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED
2	FISHING.
3	Section 3553 of the National Defense Authorization
4	Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (16 U.S.C. 8033) is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (8), by striking "and" at the
6	end;
7	(2) by redesignating paragraph (9) as para-
8	graph (10); and
9	(3) by inserting after paragraph (8) the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(9) an assessment of gaps or limitations in the
12	ability of the United States to effectively assist pri-
13	ority regions and priority flag states relating to IUU
14	fishing due to resource constraints and the addi-
15	tional resources necessary to overcome those con-
16	straints; and".
17	TITLE VII—TECHNOLOGY AND
18	CONNECTIVITY
19	SEC. 701. DIGITAL ACCESS AND INCLUSION.
20	The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-
21	ministrator of the United States Agency for International
22	Development and the heads of the United States Inter-
23	national Development Finance Corporation, the Millen-
24	nium Challenge Corporation, and the United States Trade
25	and Development Authority, is authorized to provide sup-
	nort to the Pacific Islands to—

1	(1) expand access to high quality broadband
2	and telecommunications infrastructure in the Pacific
3	Islands;
4	,
	(2) partner with regional private and public sec-
5	tor interests to promote and expand secure and ac-
6	cessible broadband connectivity; and
7	(3) strengthen the private sector and civil soci-
8	ety's digital capacity and digital skillset.
9	SEC. 702. CYBERSECURITY.
10	The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Ad-
11	ministrator of the United States Agency for International
12	Development and the heads of the United States Inter-
13	national Development Finance Corporation, the Millen-
14	nium Challenge Corporation, and the United States Trade
15	and Development Authority, is authorized to provide sup-
16	port and technical assistance to the Pacific Islands to—
17	(1) increase adoption of policies and regulatory
18	positions that encourage open, interoperable, reli-
19	able, and secure digital infrastructure;
20	(2) increase adoption of cybersecurity best prac-
21	tices in the Pacific Islands, including through edu-
22	cation and training programs for government and
23	private sector entities;
24	(3) assist with the development and implemen-
25	tation of cybersecurity strategies and policies, in-

1	cluding incident response plans and risk manage-
2	ment frameworks;
3	(4) promote international cooperation and infor-
4	mation sharing on cybersecurity threats and inci-
5	dents; and
6	(5) assist in the establishment and strength-
7	ening of national and regional Computer Emergency
8	Response Teams (CERTs) to enhance cyber incident
9	detection and response capabilities.
10	TITLE VIII—REPORT ON THE
11	STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS-
12	LANDS PARTNERSHIP AND
13	AUTHORIZATION OF APPRO-
13 14	AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS
14	PRIATIONS
14 15	PRIATIONS SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS-
14 15 16	PRIATIONS SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS- LANDS PARTNERSHIP.
14 15 16 17	PRIATIONS SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS- LANDS PARTNERSHIP. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
14 15 16 17	PRIATIONS SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS- LANDS PARTNERSHIP. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date on which the initial report on the progress in imple-
114 115 116 117 118	PRIATIONS SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS- LANDS PARTNERSHIP. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date on which the initial report on the progress in implementing the Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership re-
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	PRIATIONS SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS- LANDS PARTNERSHIP. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date on which the initial report on the progress in implementing the Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership required by section 103 is submitted to the appropriate con-
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	PRIATIONS SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS- LANDS PARTNERSHIP. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date on which the initial report on the progress in implementing the Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership required by section 103 is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees, and not later than January 1 of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	PRIATIONS SEC. 801. REPORT ON THE STRATEGY FOR PACIFIC IS- LANDS PARTNERSHIP. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date on which the initial report on the progress in implementing the Strategy for Pacific Islands Partnership required by section 103 is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees, and not later than January 1 of each odd-numbered year thereafter, the President, in con-

1	velopment, the Secretary of Defense, the United States
2	Trade Representative, and any other relevant official, shall
3	submit to the appropriate congressional committees a re-
4	port on the progress in implementing the Strategy for Pa-
5	cific Islands Partnership.
6	(b) Matters To Be Included.—The report re-
7	quired by subsection (a) shall include the following:
8	(1) An assessment of the security challenges to
9	the Pacific Islands, including—
10	(A) an assessment of the status of security
11	challenges to the Pacific Islands, including as
12	outlined by regional documents such as the Boe
13	Declaration on regional security;
14	(B) an analysis of demonstrated needs of
15	the Pacific Islands for assistance, including ex-
16	cess defense equipment and related materials
17	with humanitarian and development uses to ful-
18	fill such needs;
19	(C) a review of existing security assistance
20	programs in the Pacific Islands, including pro-
21	grams and efforts provided by United States al-
22	lies and partners;
23	(D) a plan for programs for training and
24	sustainment with respect to such excess defense

43 1 equipment and related materials, including 2 those with humanitarian and development uses; (E) a list of militaries, national police 3 4 forces, coast guards, and other national security forces of the Pacific Islands receiving assistance 6 under the strategy; 7 (F) a plan to provide humanitarian assist-8 ance and disaster relief, if necessary, through

Aid program;

(G) a review of existing cross-border maritime law enforcement operations (commonly known as "shiprider agreements") with the Pacific Islands, an assessment of additional resourcing needs to enhance operational capacity, and a plan to improve on these programs and operations;

the Overseas Humanitarian Disaster and Civic

(H) a review of existing National Guard State Partnership Programs with the Pacific Islands, an assessment of additional opportunities to leverage National Guard State Partnership Programs to address law enforcement, disaster relief and emergency management, and related priorities, and a plan to expand, as appropriate,

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1	existing and new National Guard State Part-
2	nership Programs in the region;
3	(I) a review of current efforts and progress
4	in removing unexploded ordnance in the Pacific
5	Islands and an assessment of additional
6	resourcing needed to ensure continued progress,
7	including to support coordination with regional
8	efforts and those of United States allies and
9	partners;
10	(J) a review of existing regional fusion cen-
11	ters and other cooperative intelligence sharing
12	efforts in the Pacific Islands to address mari-
13	time security, transnational crime, natural dis-
14	asters, and other security challenges and an as-
15	sessment of opportunities for the United States
16	to participate in such efforts, including by allo-
17	cating staff and supplying resourcing;
18	(K) measures to evaluate success for the
19	strategy; and
20	(L) a detailed assessment of appropriations
21	required to achieve the objectives for the strat-
22	egy in future years.
23	(2) An assessment of the diplomatic presence in
24	the Pacific Islands, including—

1	(A) a description of the Department of
2	State, United States Agency for International
3	Development, United States International De-
4	velopment Finance Corporation, Millennium
5	Challenge Corporation, United States Trade
6	and Development Authority and United States
7	Commercial Service presence, staffing, pro-
8	gramming, and resourcing of operations in the
9	Pacific Islands, including programming and
10	resourcing not specifically allocated to the Pa-
11	cific Islands; and
12	(B) a description of gaps in such presence
13	including unfilled full-time equivalent positions
14	(3) A description of coordination with regional
15	allies, including—
16	(A) a review of ongoing efforts, initiatives
17	and programs undertaken by regional allies and
18	partners, including multilateral organizations
19	to advance the priorities identified in this Act
20	(B) a review of ongoing efforts, initiatives
21	and programs undertaken by nonallied foreign
22	actors that are viewed as being potentially
23	harmful or in any way detrimental to one or
24	more countries of the Pacific Islands; and

1	(C) an assessment of United States pro-
2	grams in the Pacific Islands and their align-
3	ment and complementarity with the efforts of
4	regional allies and partners.
5	(4) A description of trade capacity building, in-
6	cluding—
7	(A) economic opportunities for which
8	United States businesses, or those of other like-
9	minded partners, would be competitive;
10	(B) legal, economic, governance,
11	infrastructural, or other hurdles limiting United
12	States investment in the Pacific Islands; and
13	(C) steps the United States has taken to—
14	(i) develop human and institutional
15	capacity and infrastructure across multiple
16	sectors of economies, including digital
17	connectivity and cybersecurity;
18	(ii) assist with development and im-
19	plementation of regional and international
20	trade agreements, including the World
21	Trade Organization's Agreement on Trade
22	Facilitation and facilitation of
23	intraregional trade flows;
24	(iii) support women-owned enterprises
25	and gender equality; and

1	(iv) promote government policies that
2	encourage free and fair competition, sound
3	governance, environmental protection, and
4	business environments conducive to sus-
5	tainable and inclusive economic growth.
6	(5) A description of trade development, includ-
7	ing—
8	(A) an assessment of the readiness of
9	countries in the Pacific Islands to enter into en-
10	hanced trade relationships with the United
11	States, including with respect to reducing or
12	eliminating tariff and nontariff barriers inhib-
13	iting progress towards deepening trade relation-
14	ships;
15	(B) a review of existing regional multilat-
16	eral and bilateral trade agreements and pref-
17	erence programs involving the Pacific Islands
18	and their impacts on regional trade and devel-
19	opment; and
20	(C) an identification of opportunities to
21	work with existing regional frameworks to in-
22	crease trade and economic integration with the
23	Pacific Islands.
24	(6) A description of emergency preparedness for
25	the Pacific Islands, including—

1	(A) an assessment of disaster risks in the
2	Pacific Islands and existing local and regional
3	capacity to respond to such risks; and
4	(B) a review of existing efforts by United
5	States allies and partners to provide assistance
6	and training for natural disaster preparedness
7	and emergency management.
8	(7) A description of activities of the Peace
9	Corps in the Pacific Islands, including—
10	(A) a comparative analysis of the Peace
11	Corps presence in the Pacific Islands region to
12	other regions of the world, including a cost-ben-
13	efit analysis of placement in the region versus
14	elsewhere globally;
15	(B) an analysis of current impediments to
16	Peace Corps expansion in the Pacific Islands
17	region;
18	(C) outcomes of consultations among
19	United States agencies, and with regional allies
20	and partners, on areas in which cooperation can
21	reduce factors limiting Peace Corps expansion.
22	particularly those related to medical transpor-
23	tation and personal safety; and
24	(D) a plan and timeline for implementing
25	outcomes identified to facilitate expansion of

1	Peace Corps presence in the region, where ap-
2	propriate.
3	(8) A description of public health and health
4	care challenges in the Pacific Islands, including
5	health systems strengthening, immunization, non-
6	communicable diseases, and gender-based violence.
7	(9) A description of resilient development in the
8	Pacific Islands, including—
9	(A) a review of foreign infrastructure de-
10	velopments in the Pacific Islands by non-United
11	States allies and partners;
12	(B) assessments of the environmental im-
13	pact and sustainability of such developments;
14	(C) an analysis of the financial sustain-
15	ability of such developments and their impacts
16	on the debt of host countries in the Pacific Is-
17	lands; and
18	(D) an analysis of the region's banking in-
19	frastructure and Pacific Island access to finan-
20	cial services.
21	(10) A description of press freedom in the Pa-
22	cific Islands, including—
23	(A) an assessment of the national laws of
24	the Pacific Islands with respect to foreign in-
25	vestment in media and related sectors;

1	(B) relevant licensing regulations of the
2	Pacific Islands and governmental restrictions on
3	free expression that limit the availability of di-
4	verse media voices in the Pacific Islands; and
5	(C) analyses of covert efforts by foreign
6	media actors in the Pacific Islands—
7	(i) to influence, shape, or circumvent
8	regulations in the media or telecommuni-
9	cation sectors; and
10	(ii) to co-opt local media and nar-
11	ratives.
12	(11) A description of civil society engagement
13	and development, including—
14	(A) an assessment of the strength and via-
15	bility of civil society sectors of the Pacific Is-
16	lands, including legal, organizational capacity,
17	financial, advocacy, services, infrastructure, and
18	public image sectors; and
19	(B) an identification of objectives and
20	measures of success for the program.
21	(12) A description of United States Govern-
22	ment efforts to assist the Pacific Islands in the im-
23	provement of critical physical and cyber infrastruc-
24	ture, including—

1	(A) investments in the development or im-
2	provement critical infrastructure supported by
3	the United States;
4	(B) technical assistance for the develop-
5	ment or improvement of critical infrastructure
6	supported by the United States; and
7	(C) a description of support given to Pa-
8	cific Islands on the expansion of telecommuni-
9	cations infrastructure.
10	(13) A description of United States Govern-
11	ment efforts to assist the Pacific Islands in access-
12	ing support from international organizations.
13	(14) A description of how United States Gov-
14	ernment efforts align with regional development
15	goals, as outlined in documents such as the 2050
16	Strategy for a Blue Pacific Continent.
17	(e) Recommendation.—Beginning on the date that
18	is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act,
19	the President may submit to the appropriate congressional
20	committees a recommendation on the consolidation or
21	elimination of any duplicative reports as required by this
22	section.
23	SEC. 802. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
24	There are authorized to be appropriated
25	\$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2033

- 1 to carry out this Act and the amendments made by this
- 2 Act.

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